Sit report

08-17-10

510 personnel are actively engaged in the response, working to protect wildlife and their habitats, including 36 national wildlife refuges. They are also assessing the damage from the oil spill in preparation for the work that will be needed to restore the Gulf of Mexico.

State and federal wildlife teams have captured alive 1,927 visibly oiled birds. Of those, 846 have been rehabilitated and released. In addition, 4,359 birds that were visibly oiled have been collected dead.

711 sea turtle hatchlings relocated from the Gulf Coast were released on Florida's East Coast.

Under the Natural Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration program, marsh bird and colonial waterbird teams continued evaluating the following species for oiling and survival rates of oiled birds: Clapper Rails, Seaside Sparrows, Brown Pelicans, Royal Terns, Black Skimmers and Great Egrets.

By the Numbers

08-17-10

Personnel Involved

Overall personnel involved: 28,277

Response Vessels

Total vessels responding: 4,359

Boom Data

Total boom deployed: 2,089 miles

Boom available: 938 miles

Oil Recovered

Oily water recovered: more than 34.7 million gallons Amount estimated burned: 11.14 million gallons

Dispersant

Surface dispersant used: 1.07 million gallons

Subsea dispersant used: more than 771,000 gallons

Total dispersant used: approximately 1.84 million gallons

Shoreline Impacted

Shoreline impacted over last 24 hours: approximately 672 miles of Gulf Coast shoreline is currently oiled—approximately 375 miles in Louisiana, 117 miles in Mississippi, 72 miles in Alabama, and 108 miles in Florida.